UK Patent Application (19) GB (11) 2 171812 A

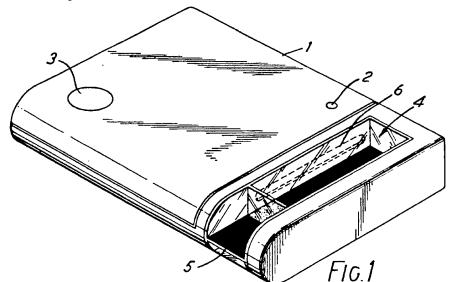
(43) Application published 3 Sept 1986

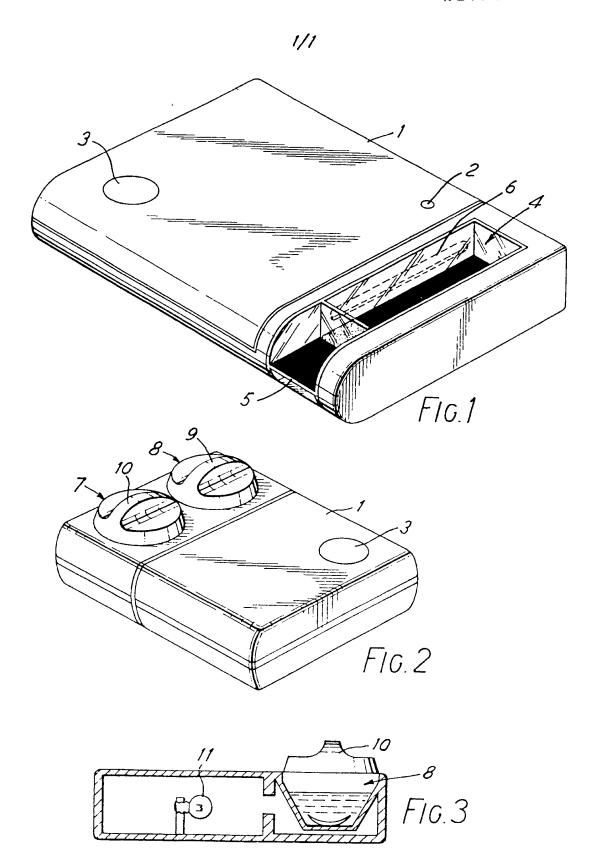
- (21) Application No 8528543
- (22) Date of filing 20 Nov 1985
- (30) Priority data
 - (31) 8429233 8505703
- (32) 20 Nov 1984
 - (33) GB 6 Mar 1985
- (71) Applicant Michael Roy Killpartrick, 12 George Street, Bath, Avon
- Michael Roy Killpartrick
- (74) Agent and/or Address for Service Stevens Hewlett & Perkins, 5 Quality Court, Chancery Lane, London WC2A 1HZ

- (51) INT CL4 G01B 11/30
- (52) Domestic classification (Edition H): **G2J** 1B
- (56) Documents cited GB 1334346
- (58) Field of search Selected US specifications from IPC sub-classes G02B G01B

(54) Inspecting contact lenses in wet cell

(57) A device for inspecting contact lenses has a housing 1 with a light-source inside and one or more wet cells 4 for holding the lenses in liquid. The light-source illuminates the lenses transversely so that they may be inspected by being viewed from above.





SPECIFICATION

Device for inspecting contact lenses

5 This invention relates to a device designed for inspecting contact lenses, and in particular for showing their material condition.

Contact lenses are optical devices worn on the cornea primarily to correct optical errors 10 of the human eye. In order to perform optically and physiologically in the eye they must be optically transparent, free from any discolouration or contamination and conform to certain specified parameters. Contact lens inspec-15 tion devices currently on the market are designed primarily to confirm parameter specifications.

The device of the present invention is designed solely to demonstrate optical transpar-20 ency and freedom from discolouration or contamination in contact lenses. Use is made of the scattering effect of transversely projected light by contaminants in the lens whilst submerged in a suitable storage fluid, the lens 25 being viewed against an appropriate coloured

background.

According to the invention there is provided a device for the inspection of contact lenses, the device comprising a housing; a light 30 source in the housing; one or more wet cells in the housing for holding liquid in which contact lenses can be immersed, and one or more light-emitting apertures for allowing light to travel from the light source to provide

35 transverse illumination for lenses in the or each wet cell, the lenses being viewable from above against a suitable back-ground. Discolouration and contamination in the contact lens are thereby demonstrated. The device may be

40 either produced in pocket-size dimensions and battery powered or as a larger model and mains operated. The wet cell may incorporate light or dark viewing backgrounds. A push button on/off switch prevents the device be-

45 ing accidentally left on. The mains operated model may feature a removable wet cell and the battery powered model may incorporate a non-removable wet cell with left and right compartments with screw lids, which enables

50 the device to be used as a carrying storage

Specificate embodiments of the invention will now be described by way of example by reference to the accompanying drawings of 55 which:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a device in accordance with the invention;

Figure 2 is a perspective view of another device in accordance with the invention; and Figure 3 is a cross-sectional view of the

device of Fig. 2.

Referring to Fig. 1 the device comprises a housing 1 which stands on a pedestal not visible in the drawing. The device is mains 65 powered, having a mains lamp inside and a

neon indicator lamp 2. A push-button switch 3 switches the mains lamp on and off.

A wet cell 4 is provided in the form of a tray which may be gripped at 5 and with-70 drawn by being slid out. An indent in the base of the tray registers with a detent upstanding from the housing to locate the tray in the inserted position.

The tray has transparent sides and a dark 75 base. In use it is filled with liquid, typically water, and the lenses to be inspected are submerged. The mains lamp is switched on and light emerges from a slit 6 to illuminate the lenses transversely. When viewed from above against the dark background of the base of the tray, defects and blemishes can he seen

Figs. 2 and 3 show another embodiment of the invention. Here the device is battery oper-85 ated. The housing 1 has a push-button 3 for switching the lamp on and off. There are two wet cells at 7 and 8 and they are not removable. The wet cells are intended to hold a respective lens of a pair in a storage solution 90 and a protective screw cover 9, 10 is provided.

Fig. 3 shows the lamp at 11 and shows that the wet cells are cup-shaped depressions which are transparent-sided. Each has a dark 95 base so that the lenses can be observed in transverse light from the lamp in the same manner as described with reference to Fig. 1.

CLAIMS

- 1. A device for the inspection of contact 100 lenses, the device comprising a housing; a light source in the housing; one or more wet cells in the housing for holding liquid in which contact lenses can be immersed, and one or more light-emitting apertures for allowing light 105 to travel from the light source to provide transverse illumination for lenses in the or each wet cell, the lenses being viewable from above against a suitable back-ground.
- 110 2. A device as claimed in claim 1 wherein the or each wet cell is a removable tray.
 - 3. A device as claimed in claim 2 wherein there is a single wet-cell tray which is slidable in the housing.
- 4. A device as claimed in claim 3 wherein a detent and locating indent are provided in the housing and tray to hold the tray in the inserted position.
- 5. A device as claimed in claim 2 wherein 120 there is provided a pair of trays, one for each of a pair of lenses, and the device acts also as a storage container, protective covers being provided for the trays.
- 6. A device as claimed in any of the pre-125 ceding claims wherein the housing is operable for access to the light source, and the opening is on the underside to reduce the effect of light escape during use.
- 7. A device for inspecting contact lenses 130 substantially as hereinbefore described with

2

reference to Fig. 1 or Figs. 2 and 3 of the accompanying drawings. $\,$

Printed in the United Kingdom for Her Majesty's Stationery Office, Dd 8818935, 1986, 4235. Published at The Patent Office, 25 Southampton Buildings, London, WC2A 1AY, from which copies may be obtained.